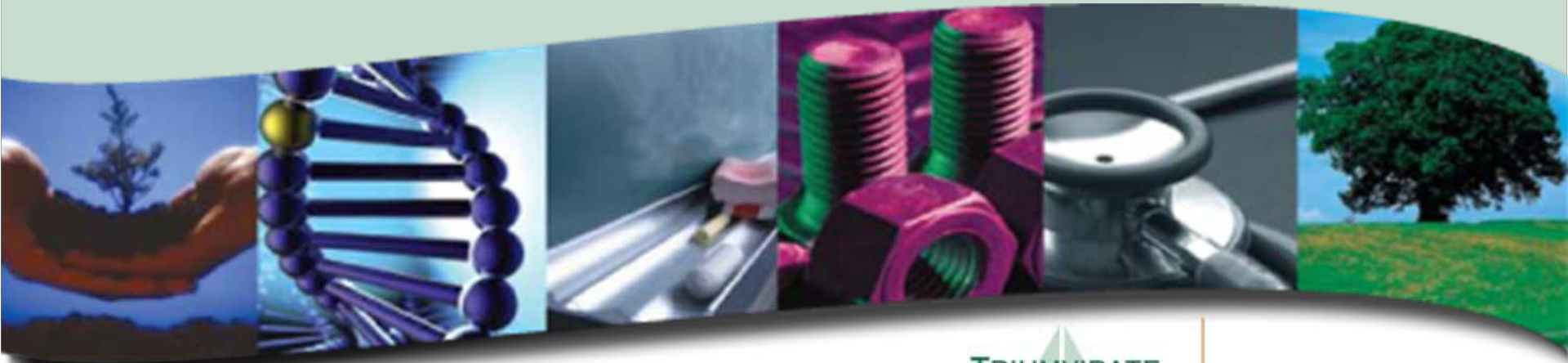


# Laboratory Renovation Project

## Expecting the Unexpected



# Key Elements to a Successful Laboratory Renovation

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- 1.) Get Involved in the Planning Stage
- 2.) Do your Homework Upfront on History of Lab Activities
- 3.) Identify the Use of the Newly Renovated Space

1+2+3=

- 4.) Completed Project on Time, Under Budget and Free of Any Hazards

# Definitions

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- Decommissioning – those processes necessary to ensure a facility meets all applicable Environmental Health & Safety requirements (as specifically established by Agency policy or Federal, State or local law).
- Decontamination - the process to reduce risk from “known” hazardous substances to an acceptable level.

# Key Decisions

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## ➤ What's staying and What's Going?

- Complete Gut Renovation
- Remodeling of Space

## ➤ Limitation of Decontamination Methods

- Sink Traps (flush or remove)
- Fume Hoods (test and surface wipe or total removal)

# Key Decisions (continued)

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## ➤ How Clean is Clean? (Internal, Agency or Regulatory Driven)

- General Cleaning
- ANSI Standards
- OSHA Demolition Standard
- Brookhaven National Laboratory BMP's

## ➤ Site Logistics and Planning

- Access to Space and Utilities
- Night or Weekend Project
- Lead Time versus Completion Time
- Future Use of Space

# Common Areas of Concern

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- What is on the Laboratory Work Surfaces?
- What is in the Drains?
- What is in the Local Exhaust Ventilation?

# Confirmation

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## ➤ Confirmation Methods

- Visual Inspection
- Field Screening
- Wipe Sampling

## ➤ Documentation

- Summary of Activities
- Certified Analytical
- C.I.H. Verification / Report

# Other Areas of Concern

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- WWT Tanks/Systems
  - Proper Closure of Permitted Systems
- Fluorescent Bulbs and Ballasts
- Mercury Switches
- Transformers
- PCB Caulking
- Asbestos / Lead
- Mold



# Lessons Learned - flexibility

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- Initial Facility Assessment should be performed for all projects
- Need for additional steps depends on results of the Initial Facility Assessment
- Contamination assessment and remediation phases may be separate or concurrent with other construction activities
- Combining decontamination with demolition of laboratories may be more efficient than attempting to delineate and treat specific surfaces or features only to find “hidden” sources